

The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,206.

Price 3d.] EDINBURGH,

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8. 1787.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

On SATURDAY Evening, February 10. 1787.

WILL BE PRESENTED,

A Comic Opera, called, The

D U E N N A.

Don Jerome, Mr WILSON;
Who performed the Character originally at the Theatre-
Royal, Covent-Garden, twenty-five nights successively.
Antonio, Mr BELL;—Ferdinand, Mr MICHEL;
Father Paul, Mr HALLION;
Father Augustine, Mr J. BLAND;
Lopez, Mr BLAND jun.—Starv'd Friar, Mr CHARTERIS;
And Isaac Mendosa (the Jew), Mr MOSS.
Donna Clara, Mrs HIFF;
Margaret (the Duenna), Mrs CHARTERIS;
And Donna Louisa, Mrs KEMBLE.
In Act III. A GRAND MASQUERADE SCENE.

To which will be added,

A Dramatic Piece of Three Acts, called, The

R E H E A R S A L.

The Part of Bayes by Mr WILSON;
Johnson, Mr J. A-MASH;
Smith, Mr WILMOT-WELLS;
Prince Volcious, Mr ILIFF;
Parthenope, Mrs J. BLAND;
And Chloris, Mrs VILLARS.
In Act III. A Representation of a Battle,
By Mr BAYES'S TROOPS, both HORSE and FOOT.
Previous to which, the celebrated War Song of
"O what a charming thing's a Battle!"
By Mr MICHEL.

Tickets to be had, and places for the Boxes taken, of Mr
GIBB, at the Office of the Theatre.

The New Comedy of *He Wou'd be a Soldier* was performed
last night to a very crowded audience, and received with
uncommon marks of approbation. Due notice will be given
of its second representation.

Mrs Robinson will make her second appearance on Mon-
day next, in the characters of *Lady Randolph* and the *Irish*
Widow.

SIGNOR STABILINI

BEGS leave to return his most grateful THANKS to the
Nobility and Gentry, who did him the honour of ap-
pearing at his Concert, Tuesday last.

Lately published, price 2s. sewed,

L E T T E R S,

Addressed to Soame Jenyns, Esquire;

CONTAINING

STRICTURES ON THE WRITINGS

OF

Edward Gibbon, Esq; Dr Priestly, Mr Theophilus Lindsey,

&c. &c.

And an Abstract of Dr Priestly's Account Current

with Revelation.

Non ego venio vobis suffragia vulgi.

Ti tibi laudamus.

London, printed for G. G. J. and J. Robinson, Paternoster-

row,—and C. Elliot, Edinburgh.

SALE OF

Paintings, Prints, Silver-Plate, and

SILK DAMASK.

TO be SOLD in the large Room, immediately above

Brough's upholstery warehouse in Regent-street, the

following capital PAINTINGS, by the most eminent mas-

ters:—1st, The Woman reproved for Adultery—by Luca

Gordano, thought to be the best painting by this master.

2d, The Medona and Child, with St Jerome, being a most

admirable copy of that well-known picture at Parma—by

Corregio, with an elegant frame. 3d, Europa—by B. West,

in a superb frame. 4th, Two large oval Landscapes—by

Marlow, in elegant new frames, one of them being a View

of the Castle St Angelo, with St Peter's, and the Vatican

Palace at Rome; the other a Sun-set, with a view of a Mo-

nastry, and Ferry-boats on the Tyber a little below Rome.

5th, A Portrait, full-length, of a Lady—by Coats. 6th, A

Holy Family—by Pietro Cortono, elegantly framed. 7th,

The Portrait of a Cardinal, remarkably high-finished. 8th,

The Head of a Magdalen—from Guido. 9th, A Magdalen

in the Wilderness, whole length—by Mola. 10th, Maria,

from Sterne—by Angelica Kaufman.

At the same place there are to be sold some elegant Prints

by Strange, &c. neatly framed and glazed.

Also some fashionable Silver Plate, consisting of an Epergne

with eight baskets and branches; some Cafes of spoons,

knives, and forks; several pairs of Candlesticks; Waiters of

different sizes; a Bread Basket; a Tea Vase; a Coffee Pot;

and a Shaving Basin, &c.

And 254 Yards of rich Crimson Silk Damask, three quar-

ters broad.

The Paintings, &c. will be shown for sale every Tuesday,

Thursday, and Saturday, from twelve o'clock noon to three

in the afternoon, till Tuesday the 27th February instant;

and such articles as are not previously sold will that day be

disposed of by auction.

WINES and FRUITS.

JUST now arrived, after a short passage, a quantity of the

following fruits, viz.

LEMONS, CHINA and SEVILLE ORANGES.

St CATHARINE'S PRUNES, in chests & half-chests.

Also a quantity of very fine Italian RAISINS, of a rich

quality, fit for making wine, which will be sold at 24 l. Ster-

ling per ton.

Some very fine Walnuts, Chestnuts, and French Rynods.

Those that buy the Oranges for Marmalade will be entitled

to sugar for making the same one halfpenny per pound below

the current prices.

Port and Sherry Wine of the best quality, and lowest

prices, in any town.

Orders for the above addressed to Alexander Thomson, at

his Ware-house, High Street, Edinburgh, will be properly

attended to.

FRUITS.

JUST arrived, and SOLD by INNES, Confectioner, Gro-

cer, and Baker, first shop eastward of the entry to the

North Bridge, fronting the High Street,

A quantity of the real NORMANDY RENNETS, and

a parcel of very good APPLES from Bourdeaux.

ALSO,

A few large FRENCH BON CRETIEN PEARS.

China Oranges &c.

JUST arrived from Seville, in the Peggy, Captain George

Skirven, a parcel of CHINA ORANGES, to be sold in

chests and half chests.

Apply to Walker, Thomson, and Company, Edinburgh,

or to David Liddell, at their Ware-house, Kirkgate, Leith.

To be had also, by applying as above,

Muscattell Raisins } in Boxes.

Bloom Raisins } in Boxes.

Zant Currants in Casks.

And a few Tons of Faro Cork.

This day is Published,

Price 6s. in boards, and 7s. neatly bound,

A SYSTEM OF SURGERY,

VOLUME FIFTH,

By BENJAMIN BELL,

One of the Surgeons to the Royal Infirmary.

In this Volume the articles treated of are,

Wounds in General.

Wounds in particular parts.

Pelleted Wounds.

Gun Shot Wounds.

Tumors, all the variety of.

The Sixth Volume, which will complete the work, is get-
ting forward, and will probably be published in the course
of next summer.

Of CHARLES ELLIOT, Parliament Square, may be had,
The Last Edition of all, or any of the former Volumes.
Also, the Fourth Edition, lately published, of Mr BELL's
Treatise on Ulcers, and White-Swellings of the Joints.

British State Lottery 1786.

Begins drawing on Monday the 12th February 1787.

THE Original Tickets and Shares, from a HALF to a
SIXTEENTH, are selling by
JAMES THOMSON and SON,

INSURANCE BROKERS,

At their Lottery Office, opposite to the Cross, Edinburgh,

Being the only Licensed Dealers in Scotland

on their own account.

Correct numerical and register books are kept, and Tic-

kets and Shares registered at 6 d. each number.

S C H E M E.

| NO. OF PRIZES | VALUE OF EACH. | TOTAL VALUE. |
|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 2 of | L. 20,000 | is 40,000 |
| 3 — | 10,000 | 30,000 |
| 5 — | 5,000 | 25,000 |
| 10 — | 2,000 | 20,000 |
| 15 — | 1,000 | 15,000 |
| 30 — | 500 | 15,000 |
| 100 — | 100 | 10,000 |
| 250 — | 50 | 12,500 |
| 16,275 — | 20 | 325,500 |
| 16,690 Prizes | | L. 490,000 |

First Drawn Ticket, the 1st, 4th, 7th,

10th, 13th, and 16th days, 1000 l.

each, 6,000

Last Drawn, 1,000

33,370 Blanks.

50,000 Tickets, — L. 500,000

Not two Blanks to a Prize.

—Letters post paid duly answered.—Schemes gratis.

An equitable and a really valuable Chance,

Including every prize, from a 20 l. to a 20,000 l.

In the present ENGLISH STATE-LOTTERY.

The whole of the purchase-money returned, if drawn only a

small prize of 20 l.

To continue during the whole time of the Drawing.

That is to say, from the first-drawn Ticket till the last Ticket

is drawn out of the wheel; and the money for the prizes

will be paid on demand, without the smallest deduc-

tion whatever.

HORNSBY AND CO. at their old

established house, No. 26, Cornhill, and no where

else on their account, respectfully inform the public, that

they have renewed their old and much approved subscription

plan, at One Guinea, Half-a-Guinea, and Five Shillings and

Sixpence, which has been so universally supported for twenty

Lotteries past; and they make no doubt but they shall

receive, from their worthy patrons, every countenance and

support on the present occasion, as HORNSBY AND CO.

are determined to pursue every measure to the entire satis-

faction of the public.

ONE GUINEA.

If a £20,000 to £1600 0

10,000 to 800 0

5000 to 400 0

2000 to 160 0

1000 to 80 0

500 to 40 0

100 to 10 0

50 to 5 0

20 to 1 10s. 6d.

If the number be the first-

drawn on the 1st, 4th, 7th,

10th, 13th, and 16th days,

or the last-drawn ticket on

the last day, 80 l. will be

paid for the same.

HALF-A-GUINEA.

If a £20,000 to £800 0

10,000 to 400 0

5000 to 200 0

2000 to 80 0

1000 to 40 0

500 to 20 0

100 to 5 0

50 to 2 10s. 6d.

If the number be the first-

drawn on the 1st, 4th, 7th,

10th, 13th, and 16th days,

or the last-drawn ticket on

the last day, 40 l. will be

paid for the same.

FIVE SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE.

If a £20,000 to £400 0 0

10,000 to 200 0 0

5000 to 100 0 0

2000 to 40 0 0

1000 to 20 0 0

500 to 10 0 0

100 to 2 10s. 6d.

50 to 1 5s. 0d.

20 to 0 5s. 6d.

If the number be the first-drawn on the 1st, 4th, 7th, 10th

13th, and 16th days, or the last-drawn ticket on the last

day, 20 l. will be paid for the same.

The following capital considerations are likewise given

gratis, beside the sums above mentioned.

If the subscription be drawn any prize whatever above a

20 l. a new subscription will be given, exclusive of the full

money for the prize, and if drawn only a small prize of 20 l.

the first cost will be returned.

Subscribers to this society, previous to the commencement

of the drawing, will have the option of renewing their origi-

nal subscription at the first price, and as often as they please,

at the price of tickets go as high as it will: And it is a well

known fact, that, for several Lotteries past, the Guinea Sub-

scriptions have been sold for Five Guineas: In this particu-

lar, the two last whole days of drawing only are excepted.

Purchasers buying five, at One Guinea, Half-a-Guinea, or

Five Shillings and Sixpence, shall receive five times the mo-

ney laid out, if all five be drawn prizes.

The immense sums of money which have been punctually

paid to the public by Hornsby and Co. render it impossible

for them to continue publishing a list of prizes which they

have sold; but they will observe an invariable rule to publish

such prizes as are drawn, for the immediate information of

their customers, and the whole at the conclusion of the draw-

ing of every lottery.

Letters (post paid) duly answered. Any person desiring

to have a faithful account of their subscription, sent as soon

as drawn to any part of the town or country, may receive

the same without any additional expense.

Plans at large may be had gratis, at No. 26, Cornhill.

ARMY.

A LIEUTENANT in the 99th Regiment, wishes on

reasonable terms to make an exchange into an old reg-

iment.

For particulars enquire for Mr S. B. at the Printing house

BONA FIDE SECURITY.

FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS

Is already deposited for the payment of all demands, and

shall remain until the whole of the drawing is concluded, in

the hands of an eminent Banker, whose receipt may be seen

at the office of

HORSLEY AND CO.

No. 7, opposite the Bank-buildings, Cornhill.

From Mess. Hornby and Co. No. 26, Cornhill.

THE following eligible plans are respectfully submitted to

the attention of the Public, which, on perusal, they

flatter themselves, from the superior advantages in value and

security, cannot fail of receiving the patronage of every dis-

cerning adventurer. Including every prize, from a 20 l. to a

20,000 l. in the present English State Lottery. The whole

of the purchase-money returned, if drawn only a small prize

of 20 l. continues during the whole time of the drawing.

That is to say, from the first-drawn Ticket till the last Ticket

is drawn out of the wheel, and the money for the prizes

will be paid on demand, without the smallest deduction

whatever.

ONE GUINEA.

If a £20,000 to £1800 0 0

10000 to 900 0 0

5000 to 450 0 0

2000 to 160 0 0

1000 to 80 0 0

500 to 40 0 0

100 to 10 0 0

50 to 5 0 0

CONVENTION between his BRITANNIC MAJESTY and the Most CHRISTIAN KING.

Signed at Versailles, the 15th of January, 1787.

THE King of Great Britain, and the Most Christian King, being willing, in conformity to the 6th and 43d Articles of the Treaty of Navigation and Commerce, signed at Versailles the 26th of September, 1763, to explain and settle certain points which had been reserved, their Britannic and Most Christian Majesties, always disposed more particularly to confirm the good understanding in which they are happily united, have named, for that purpose, their respective Plenipotentiaries, to wit, on the part of his Britannic Majesty, William Eden, Esquire, Privy Councillor in Great Britain and Ireland, Member of the British Parliament, and his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to his Most Christian Majesty; and on the part of his Most Christian Majesty, the Count de Vergennes, Minister and Secretary of State for the Department of Foreign Affairs, and Chief of the Royal Council of Finances; who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, have agreed upon the following articles:

Art. I. Their Majesties having stipulated, in the 6th Article of the said Treaty, "That the duties on hardware, cutlery, cabinet ware, and turnery, and on all works, both heavy and light, of iron, steel, copper and brass, shall be classed; and that the highest duty shall not exceed ten per cent. *ad valorem*," it is agreed, that cabinet ware and turnery, and every thing that is included under those denominations, as also musical instruments, shall pay ten per cent. *ad valorem*.

All articles made of iron or steel, pure or mixed, or worked or mounted with other substances, not exceeding in value sixty livres Tournois, or fifty shillings per quintal, shall pay only five per cent. *ad valorem*; and all other wares, as buttons, buckles, knives, scissars, and all the different articles included under the description of hardware and cutlery, as also all other works of iron, steel, copper, and brass, pure or mixed, or worked or mounted with other substances, shall pay ten per cent. *ad valorem*.

If either of the two Sovereigns should think proper to admit the said articles, or only some of them, from any other nation, by reason of their utility, at a lower duty, the subjects of the other Sovereign shall be allowed to participate in such diminution, in order that no foreign nation may enjoy in this respect any preference to their disadvantage.

The works of iron, steel, copper, and brass above mentioned, are not to be understood to extend to bar iron or pig iron, or in general to any kind of iron, steel, copper, or brass, in the state of the raw material.

Art. II. Their Majesties having also stipulated, in the 6th article, "That for the better securing the due collection on the duties payable *ad valorem*, which are specified in the Tariff, they will concert with each other the form of the declarations to be made, and the proper means of preventing fraud with respect to the real value of the goods and merchandizes," it is agreed that each Declaration shall be given in writing, signed by the merchant, owner, or factor, who answers for the merchandizes at their entry; which declaration shall contain a list of the said merchandizes, and of their packages, of the marks, numbers and cyphers, and of the contents of each bale or case, and shall certify that they are of the growth, produce, or manufacture of the kingdom from whence they are imported, and shall also express the true and real value of the said merchandizes, in order that the duties may be paid in consequence thereof. That the Officers of the Customhouse, where the Declaration may be made, shall be at liberty to make such examination as they shall think proper of the said merchandizes, upon their being landed, not only for the purpose of verifying the facts alleged in the said Declaration, that the merchandizes are of the produce of the country therein mentioned, and that the statement of their value and quantity is exact, but also for that of preventing the clandestine introduction of other merchandizes in the same bales or cases: Provided nevertheless, that such examinations shall be made with every possible attention to the convenience of the traders, and to the preservation of the said merchandizes.

In case the officers of the Customs should not be satisfied with the valuation made of the merchandizes in the said declaration, they shall be at liberty, with the consent of the principal officer of the Customs at the port, or of such other officer as shall be appointed for that purpose, to take the said merchandizes according to the valuation made by the declaration, allowing to the merchant or owner an overplus of ten per cent. and refunding to him the duties he may have paid for the said merchandizes. In which case, the whole amount shall be paid without delay, by the Customhouse of the port, if the value of the effects in question shall not exceed four hundred and eighty Livres Tournois, or twenty pounds Sterling; and within fifteen days, at latest, if their value shall exceed that sum.

And if doubts should happen to arise, either respecting the value of the said merchandizes, or the country of which they are the produce, the officers of the Customs at the port shall come to a determination thereupon, with all possible dispatch, and no greater space of time shall be employed for that purpose, in any case, than eight days, in the ports where the officers who have the principal direction of the Customs reside, and fifteen days in any other port whatsoever.

It is supposed and understood, that the merchandizes admitted by the present treaty shall be respectively of the growth, produce or manufacture of the dominions of the two Sovereigns in Europe.

To oblige the traders to be accurate in the declarations required by the present article, as also to prevent any doubt that might arise on that part of the tenth article of the said Treaty, which provides, that if any of the effects are omitted in the declaration delivered by the master of the ship, they shall

not be liable to confiscation, unless there be a manifest appearance of fraud; it is understood that, in such case, the said effects shall be confiscated, unless satisfactory proof be given to the officers of the Customs that there was not any intention of fraud.

Art. III. In order to prevent the introduction of calicoes, manufactured in the East Indies, or in other countries, as if they had been manufactured in the respective dominions of the two Sovereigns in Europe, it is agreed, that the calicoes manufactured in the said dominions, for exportation from one country to the other respectively, shall have at the two ends of each piece a particular mark, woven in the piece, to be settled in concert by the two governments, of which mark the respective governments shall give nine months previous notice to the manufacturers; and the said mark shall be altered from time to time, as the case may require. It is further agreed, that until the said precaution can be put in execution, the said calicoes mutually exported shall be accompanied by a certificate of the officers of the Customs, or of such other officer as shall be appointed for that purpose, declaring that they were fabricated in the country from whence they were exported, and also that they are furnished with the marks already prescribed in the respective countries, to distinguish such calicoes from those which come from other countries.

Art. IV. In settling the duties upon cambricks and lawns, it is understood that the breadth should not exceed, for the cambricks, seven-eighths of a yard, English measure, (about three quarters of an ell of France) and for the lawns, one yard and a quarter, English measure, (one ell of France) and if any shall hereafter be made of a greater breadth than what is above mentioned, they shall pay a duty of ten per cent. *ad valorem*.

Art. V. It is also agreed, that the stipulations in the 18th Article of the Treaty shall not be construed to derogate from the privileges, regulations, and usages already established in the cities or ports of the respective dominions of the two Sovereigns: And, further, that the 25th Article of the said Treaty shall be construed to relate only to ships suspected of carrying, in time of war, to the enemies of either of the high contracting parties, any prohibited articles, denominated contraband; and the said Article is not to hinder the examinations of the Officers of the Customs, for the purpose of preventing illicit trade in the respective dominions.

Art. VI. Their Majesties having stipulated, by the 43d Article of the said Treaty, that the nature and extent of the functions of the Consuls should be determined, "and that a Convention relative to this point should be concluded immediately after the signature of the present Treaty, of which it should be deemed to constitute a part," it is agreed that the said ulterior Convention shall be settled within the space of two months; and that, in the mean time, the Consuls General, Consuls, and Vice-Consuls, shall conform to the usages which are now observed, relative to the Consularship, in the respective dominions of the two Sovereigns; and that they shall enjoy all the privileges, rights and immunities belonging to their office, and which are allowed to the Consuls General, Consuls, and Vice-Consuls, of the most favoured nation.

Art. VII. It shall be lawful for the subjects of his Britannic Majesty to prosecute their debtors in France, for the recovery of debts contracted in the dominions of his said Majesty, or elsewhere, in Europe, and there to bring actions against them, in conformity to the practice of law in use in the kingdom: Provided that there shall be the like usage in favour of French subjects, in the European dominions of his Britannic Majesty.

Art. VIII. The Articles of the present Convention shall be ratified and confirmed by his Britannic Majesty, and by his Most Christian Majesty, in one month, or sooner, if it can be done, after the exchange of signatures between the Plenipotentiaries.

In witness whereof, we the Ministers Plenipotentiary have signed the present Convention, and have caused the seals of our arms to be set thereto.

Done at Versailles, the fifteenth of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven.

Wm. EDEN. (L. S.)
GRAVIER DE VERGENNES. (L. S.)

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, Feb. 5.
Vienna, Jan. 10. The celebrated English Philosopher Mr Howard, who has so humanely written upon the subject of prisons, and has been travelling for some years to examine into the state of all the prisons and hospitals in Europe, had, during his stay in this capital, the honour of a very long interview with the Emperor, who expressed a great desire to have some conversation with him. This gentleman freely laid before his Majesty the state of the prisons and hospitals of this monarchy. He told the Emperor, that he had found such alterations had taken place since his happy administration as did him great honour; but that there were yet some defects that wanted his further attention. His Majesty was much satisfied with the ideas of this worthy friend to human nature: In short, it was difficult to say on which side philosophy shone with most brilliancy. Those who speak truth merit praise, but a Prince who will listen to it with acknowledgement, and who even seeks it, merits the love of every one.

Paris, Jan. 20. Mademoiselle de St Remy is dying in a convent, whilst her sister the Comtesse de la Mothe, overwhelmed with grief, exists in health in her miserable prison.

The King being lately at the play during the representation of a piece called *Le Roi Theodore*, translated from the Italian, when they came to one part where the King of Corsica was at Venice, and could not get away because he had not money enough to pay for his lodgings, a person in some part of the play-house imprudently called out, *Il faut faire asseoir les Notables*, "Let an assembly of the principal people be called." They were going to lay hold of him, but the King ordered them to let him alone. He looked upon the insolent allusion as below notice, as every one must know that the *Assemblée des Notables*, which is going to be held, is by

no means on account of the necessities either of the sovereign or the state, but entirely from views of humanity and justice, which will cover those with shame and confusion who have given it out that it was only a specious pretence in his Majesty to call such an assembly together; particularly a public writer, who, though born in France, has rendered himself very contemptible, by saying, "that France must be very sick indeed, to render it necessary to consult 140 physicians."

Hague, Jan. 29. We have accounts from Niemeguen, that the King of Prussia has decorated their Serene Highnesses, the two young Princes of Orange, sons of the Prince Stadtholder, with the order of the Black Eagle. The ceremony of their installation will take place soon, after which the Comte de Goertz will set out for Berlin.

The Prince and Princess of Nassau-Weilburg, who have been here some time upon a visit to the Orange family, are returned home again.

Utrecht, Jan. 29. Some symptoms of riot seem to appear at Amsterdam, which it is feared may become more violent upon the 2d of February, the day when the change in the regency takes place; in consequence of which, it is said, the detachments in garriçon in that city have orders to assemble on that day to keep good order.

It is daily more and more the talk, that the States of Holland mean to suspend the Stadtholder from all the employments he holds in that province, and the 7th of next month is named as the day when that resolution is to appear.

L O N D O N, — Feb. 5.

Yesterday the Bishops of New York and Philadelphia were consecrated by the Archbishop of Canterbury, at Lambeth Palace.

Last night the Right Honourable the Lord Chancellor, Earl Mansfield, and the Speaker of the House of Commons, had levees at their respective houses.

To-morrow stands as an open day in the House of Commons. Wednesday, in a Committee of the whole House, Mr Sheridan brings forward his charges against Warren Hastings, Esq; respecting the Princesses of Oude. Thursday is the last day of receiving petitions of undue returns at elections; and Friday the army estimates will come under consideration.

Last night, his Excellency the French Ambassador gave a grand rout to several of the nobility, at his house in Hyde Park.

On Saturday last, the Right Honourable Lord and Lady North, with the Hon. Frederick North, set off to Falmouth. The occasion of the excursion was to take leave of the Hon. Frederick North, whose state of health is so precarious, that the temperate air in the southern hemisphere is the sole hope of his recovery.

This day, the House of Lords will meet pursuant to their last adjournment, when it is expected Lord Stormont will make a motion respecting the Scotch Peerage, the subject matter of which has occasioned councils to sit very late within the last week. Ministry wish to keep the Duke of Queensberry and Lord Abercorn in the double capacity of representing Scotland and England, until some matters are settled to get their friends elected, although the delay is an infringement on the constitution. The patriotic Lords, however, are determined to try the point, and the House no doubt will divide on the question. A day for taking the Commercial Treaty into consideration will likewise come on, when a speech from the Marquis of Carmarthen is expected, and a little official information from Lord Sydney.

The following is an estimate of the present value of the several manufactures of Great Britain:—

| | |
|--------------------|---------------|
| The Woollen, | L. 16,800,000 |
| Leather, | — 10,500,000 |
| Flax, | — 1,750,000 |
| Hemp, | — 890,000 |
| Glass, | — 630,000 |
| Paper, | — 780,000 |
| Porcelain, | — 1,000,000 |
| Silk, | — 3,350,000 |
| Cotton, | — 960,000 |
| Lead, | — 1,650,000 |
| Tin, | — 1,000,000 |
| Iron, | — 8,700,000 |
| Steel and Plating, | — 3,400,000 |

Total L. 51,410,000

These are estimated to give employment to upwards of five million of people.

The Locko East Indiaman is put into Lisbon to repair some damage received in the Bay of Biscay, in topmasts and rigging, and will be ready to sail again in ten days.

A correspondent thinks that our Ministers betray a little fool-hardiness in their Commercial Treaty; they don't seem to know their own strength, ability, and negotiating talents sufficiently, to counteract the aged, experienced, sly, and sagacious Count de Vergennes; who at this moment is leading all the Courts of Europe in golden or iron chains, or with silken cords; and wants only this nation in his trammels to make his catalogue of conquests complete.

Mr Fox and his friends mean to attack the Treaty in a political view, leaving the commercial prospects of it to its own merits, and the necessity of the times, to be argued by the Minister, his friends, and the merchants.

The new lottery bill consists of the following outlines—Licence 50l. Not to extend beyond one drawing. To return no money, nor any property but undrawn tickets, under the penalty of 500l. The keepers, clerks, &c. of unlicensed offices to be considered as vagrants, and to be amenable to Fielding's vagrant act, 19 Geo. II. Every keeper of an office, partner, &c. to be obliged to take thirty tickets for shares, as a qualification to take out a licence.

Captain Phillips, the Commander in Chief of the expedition to Botany Bay, was several years in the Portuguese service, and obtained no small degree of reputation from the following incident: Being employed about five years since to carry out with him

near 400 criminals from Lisbon to the Brazils, during the course of the voyage an epidemical disorder broke out on board his ship, which made such havoc, that he had not hands sufficient to navigate her. In this dilemma he called upon the most spirited of the transports, and told them, in a few words, his situation, and that if they would assist in conducting the vessel, and keep their companions in order, he would represent their behaviour to the Court of Lisbon, and, in short, do all in his power to get their sentence mitigated. This speech had the desired effect; the prisoners acted with fidelity, and brought the ship safe to Buenos Ayres, where they were delivered into the custody of the garriçon; and on Captain Phillips's return to Lisbon, and representing the meritorious conduct of the transports, they were not only emancipated from their servitude, but had small portions of land allotted them in that delightful country.

By the last advices from Canton, in China, we learn, that two new quicksilver mines have been opened lately in that territory; in consequence of which that semi-metal, which lately was exported to great advantage from Europe, fell near 50 per cent. and occasioned a considerable loss to the adventurers who carried it from this quarter of the globe.

Burt, who was capitally convicted for a forgery on his master, Mr Evans, the goldbeater, and last session refused his Majesty's mercy, has sent a letter to Mr Akerman, expressing his sorrow for his obliquity and presumption, and entreating to be sent to Botany Bay.

The young woman, for whom the above unhappy man wished to die, has humbly visited him within these few days in Newgate, and has consented to marry him: she is said to be remarkably handsome, and to possess an irreproachable character.

Extract of a letter from Paris, Jan. 25.

Mr Eden is on the eve of departure from this kingdom, which he will probably not visit again for a long time, at least in any public capacity. The Count de Vergennes, who is got about again, gave a public dinner yesterday. The presents to the Commercial Envoy, on finishing the Treaty, are not known, but they are said to be liberal on all hands.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Jan. 20.

A courier from the Court of Madrid has just arrived here with advices from the Cape of Good Hope, brought by a Spanish ship just arrived at Cadix, by which we learn, that two of the Dutch East India Company's ships have just arrived there from the Mauritius, with the intelligence of a revolt having happened there amongst the troops, which had been attended with the most fatal consequences.

A courier, who is said to be a person of great distinction, has just arrived here from Vienna, with dispatches, which are now before the Council of State.

Extract of a letter from Antigua, dated Dec. 6.

"We have had excellent weather here of late, and I believe the best crop will be made next year, to all appearance, that has been made these 20 years. It has been very stately, and many have died; but this is always the case in rainy weather. Preparations are making here for the reception of his Royal Highness Prince William Henry; he has visited almost all the Windward Islands, and is expected here this week."

Extract of a letter from Petersburg, Dec. 19.

Accounts are received from Captain Imayloff, Governor of Kamtschatka, that two armed ships, under English colours, from the coast of America, with a cargo of furs, were put into the island of Mermi; that on their arrival they were not allowed to land or even traffic for fresh provisions, but after making the Prince some valuable presents of European articles, they had entered into a league of friendship with him for the carrying on a traffic with the Japanese for the disposal of their cargoes, which chiefly consisted of furs; that before the ship which brought the intelligence sailed from Mermi, they had made several voyages to the Coast of Japan, and met with great success; that they were preparing to leave some of their people on the island, to whom the Prince had promised protection; and had actually betrothed one of his daughters to the supercargo, who was to be left on the island as commander of the party, for the carrying on a correspondence with the Japanese and the Kurile islands."

PRICE OF STOCKS, FEB. 5.

| | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Bank Stock, 152 1/2 a 3/4. | Ditto Ann. — |
| 3 per cent. red. 74 1/2. | Ditto Bonds, — |
| 3 per cent. con. 72 1/2 a 74 1/2. | South Sea Stock, — |
| 3 per cent. 172 1/2. | Old Ann. 73 1/2 a 74. |
| 4 per cent. con. 93 1/2 a 94 1/2. | New ditto, — |
| 5 per cent. 110 1/2 a 111 1/2. | 3 per cent. 175 1/2. |
| Bank Long Annuity. — | New Navy and Vict. Bills, — |
| Ditto Short, 177 1/2. | Lottery Tickets, 15 l. 11 s. |
| Ditto 177 1/2, 177 1/2, 13 11 s. | 6 d. |
| 16ths a 3/4. | Exch. Bills, — |
| India Stock, — | |

WIND AT DEAL, Feb. 4. S.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Feb. 5.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LOTTERY BILL.

"On account of the order of the day, places were ticketed at a very early hour, and a great number of the members took their seats a little after 11 o'clock; the gallery was also crowded at one o'clock, though no business was entered on till near four o'clock, when, after the Committee of Supply, the House resolved itself into a Committee on the Lottery Bill brought in by Mr Rose.

"When the clause was read, making it lawful for persons actually possessing a whole ticket to insure the same, Mr Alderman Newnham opposed it on the utter impossibility of determining whether the person insuring a ticket really was the owner of it or not.

"Mr Rose represented, that a person insuring a ticket was obliged to produce it; and that a written agreement, in which the number of the ticket and the owner's name was to be inserted, was to be given; that the penalty upon the lottery-office keepers

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in insuring a ticket, without the person insuring it producing the same, was 500l. which might be recovered before the judges, unless the informer chose to proceed against the lottery-office keeper as a warrant, as he had it in his option to do which he pleased.

A very general and desultory debate now took place between Mr Fox, Mr Alderman Newnham, Mr Francis, Mr Huxley, and Sir Grey Cooper; and Mr Pitt, Mr Rose, Mr Steel, and Mr Bearcroft. The former contended, that the bill, with the clause in question, would do more harm than good, as it went to make lawful a part of insurance, the whole of which was at present illegal. They had no objection to a person insuring a ticket, provided abuse could be prevented; but this they conceived to be impossible. A person holding a ticket might insure it at every office; and a ticket might be insured that it was in shares, so that it actually went to defeat the object of the bill; so that it actually went to defeat the whole of the clause left out.

On the other side, it was urged, that all that was meant by the bill was, to prevent the insuring of shares and chances, which had been of so pernicious a tendency to the lower order of the people; and in allowing only whole tickets to be insured, and that by the real owners, they conceived the bill would answer the purpose they had proposed. Mr Pitt, in particular, stated, that it was the object of the bill to prevent that sort of insurance which was pernicious in itself, without being at all advantageous to the public; and to allow, at the same time, that insurance which was not pernicious in itself, and advantageous to the public. He, therefore, wished the clause might pass; and if, next year, it should be found to open a door for that kind of insurance which was meant to be suppressed, it might be then altered.

This debate was continued with equal spirit by both sides for upwards of an hour, when the Committee divided on the clause, which was supported by 115 Ayes to 78 Noes.

The bill was then proceeded through, and ordered to be reported.

WAIT FOR RENFREW ELECTION.

After the division, the House was put into general disorder, by Mr Adam rising at the same time that Mr Pitt rose to move the order of the day, who contended, that he had a right to a priority of speech.

Mr Adam said, he had risen for the purpose of making a motion respecting a breach of their privileges; and that what he had to offer would not take up two minutes.

The Speaker decided in favour of Mr Adam.

The Honourable member then stated, that, in the month of July, a writ was issued for the election of a member of Parliament for Renfrew in Scotland, and was sent and delivered to the Returning Officer, who did not pay any attention to it, till the month of October. Mr Adam represented it as a breach of the privileges of the House; and submitted it, whether it was that sort of offence which deserved their immediate consideration. For his part, he thought it did; and he intended, in that case, to move, "That the Returning Officer should be ordered to attend the bar of that House."

The Honourable Gentleman thought there could be no objection to this, as the motion did not go into the question at all, but merely to order the person who had offended, to appear at the bar of the House.

Mr Hamilton could by no means agree with the Honourable Gentleman, and thought it very requisite that some proof, at least, should be adduced of the returning officer's having done wrong; before he should be brought four hundred miles to answer for an offence.

Mr Pitt was of the same opinion, and rather wondered the Hon. Gentleman had not found some other time, more convenient, to have brought the matter before the House.

Mr Adam said, that it was not till Friday last that he could be provided with facts for that purpose.

Mr Pitt, who seemed to throw out that this business had purposely been brought forward to impede the order of the day, rose again, and observed to the Hon. Gentleman, that as there was reason to apprehend an opposition to his motion, he submitted it to him, whether it would not be better to postpone making it. Mr Pitt thought there were grounds of discussion before it could be agreed to. The election had taken place, and a petition had been presented against the sitting member. For his part, he did not know but the irregularity complained of against the returning officer might vitiate his election; and he thought it might, upon enquiry, be found extremely proper, that the Committee for deciding on controverted elections, should first make their report before the returning officer should be ordered to attend, if it should be found proper for him to attend at all.

Mr Adam finding it the sense of the House, that he should defer the motion he intended to make, rose again; and said, under this conviction, he would not press the matter, but would move it the first convenient day.

FRENCH TREATY.

The House being clamorous for the order of the day, Mr Pitt rose, and in a very few introductory words, moved, that this day (Monday) fortnight, the House do take into consideration that part of his Majesty's Speech, respecting the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation entered into with the Court of France.

Lord George Cavendish immediately arose, and after a few words on the importance of the measure, and the necessity, as well as prudence, of a mature deliberation, signified his wish to move a future day.

The Speaker pointed out the proper mode in which it might be done.

Lord George Cavendish then moved, that "this day (Monday) fortnight," be omitted, for the purpose of substituting "this day fortnight," in its stead.

The Speaker then put the question, that "this day fortnight" do stand part of the question, and

was upon ordering the gallery to be cleared for the purpose of dividing, when

Mr Fox rose, and began a most spirited harangue, taking such a wide and extensive scope of argument, as to render it very unlikely that he would sit down again for some time; on which account, it being near six o'clock, it was necessary to leave the House, in consequence of the early departure of the post.

As far as we heard the Hon. Gentleman, his ground of opposition was the utter impossibility of getting at all the facts, and all the information necessary to form an opinion of the Treaty before this day fortnight.

He cautioned the Minister against hurrying the matter, and reminded him of the part he took respecting the Irish Propositions. Opposition, he said, were then accused of procrastination; but it was owing to that procrastination that we had prevented the Irish Propositions from being passed with all their imperfections on their heads, and in such a state, as the Minister himself had afterwards so fairly and so ably proved would have been fatal to the commercial rights and interests of Great Britain.

The Hon. Gentleman represented this treaty as of a very serious nature, as the House were to agree to it in toto, or not at all; on which account, as well as many others, he thought it behoved the House to consider well what they were about, and not hastily and rashly to take into their consideration a treaty, which went to establish a new system of politics, as well as of commerce, between Great Britain and the Court of France.

The House was very much crowded, and likely to sit late, both sides being determined to try their strength.

Tuesday was married at Glasgow, Mr James Muir, surgeon in the 3d regiment of foot, to Miss Elizabeth Wardrop, daughter of Mr Robert Wardrop, merchant in that city.

At Gifford, near Haddington, on the 5th instant, died Lieutenant Thomas Wood, of the marines, much and justly lamented by his relations and acquaintance. He was endowed with every pleasing accomplishment for private life, and served all the last war with an unspotted character as a brave officer.

Yesterday, the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council signed a petition to Parliament, for leave to bring in a bill to enable them to make various improvements in the city, as formerly mentioned.

Mr Pillon's new comedy of He would be a Soldier, was performed last night, for the first time at our Theatre, and was received throughout with the most unequivocal marks of approbation and applause by a very brilliant and crowded audience. Indeed, few, if any modern comedies, bid fairer to stand its ground, or even to become a favourite, with a sensible and candid audience than this. It abounds with point and sentiment in almost every scene; and, while we are often unable to withhold the full exercise of our risible faculties, the chastest matron can never be offended; but, on the contrary, most be highly delighted with the judicious and masterly manner, in which our author has so uniformly inculcated every principle of virtue, honour, and morality. Having said so much of the piece itself, justice requires that some notice should be taken of the performance. Without meaning to enter into any particular discussion on this head, it may in general be observed, that the play was extremely well cast, and that the performers did great justice to their respective parts. To make comparisons, is, for the most part, and not without reason, thought invidious. In the present instance, distinction would be injustice. In every play, some characters afford particular performers great opportunity of displaying their powers; while others of equal, or superior merit, are necessarily, in a great measure, kept out of view. Suffice it to say, that last night, every actor and actress seemed to exert their utmost abilities to appear the particular characters they represented, and that it is seldom a play has been better supported. From the reiterated and universal plaudits which were given after the curtain dropt, there is little doubt this play will become a favourite entertainment with the Edinburgh audience, in the same manner as it has been with those of London and Dublin.

Last week a mercer of this city received a piece of valuable goods from London by the mail coach, in the short space of five days and sixteen hours from the time he commissioned it; the letter was sent off on Wednesday afternoon, and on the Tuesday following, at eight in the morning, the goods were delivered at his shop. This expeditious mode of conveyance may be of use when goods are wanted in haste.

His Majesty has been pleased to grant to Mr Thomas Simpson of Newcastle upon Tyne (who some years ago invented the Mecklenburgh; and brought into use the Liquid Blue, both now in such general demand) his letters patent for his new invention of Smalts or Powder Blue, for the purposes of washing and bleaching linens, &c. which goes more than six times farther in use, and gives a clearness of colour not inferior to the best foreign Smalts, answering for all sorts of linens, whether coarse or fine. It exceeds in quality even the Mecklenburgh or Liquid Blues, is infinitely superior to that made from Indigo, and will be sold on as low terms, or cheaper than the foreign Smalts.

Extra of a letter from Aberdeen, Feb 6.

On Saturday last, the Magistrates fined a person in 2l. 10s. sterling, for taking in pledge a few pounds of lint belonging to manufacturers, which they had given out to spin. This offence, by a particular act of parliament, subjects the offender to a fine of 20l. sterl. which in this case would have been imposed, if the prosecutor had not consented to its being modified. And we hope such a sensible caution will have the effect to check a practice, which we suspect has become much too common in this place, to the very great prejudice of the manufacturers.

By the patronage of a few individuals, last Lord's day, there was opened in the Lodge Walk in this city, a Sunday's school, for the instruction of poor

children, in reading English, learning the principles of the Christian religion, and psalmody. The hours appointed for their attendance are, from 8 to 10 in the morning, from 1 to 2, and 5 to 7 in the afternoon, attended by their master who teaches them. According to these regulations, 25 boys attended the school on Sunday last, mostly twine-spinners and nailers. Such an institution for advancing the morals of youth, in the lower situations of life, cannot fail to be approved of by every humane and feeling heart; and it is hoped will meet with ready protection from the affluent and well disposed, to cherish and perpetuate an undertaking fraught with salutary and beneficial consequences.

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

WHAT I said in the late debate on the Corn Bill having been much misrepresented, it is a piece of justice to the Sheriff-substitutes and myself, to give the following account of it.

I am no dealer in set speeches; and, therefore, to the best of my recollection, what I said was: "That in correcting laws subject to abuse, it was to be supposed they would be abused, otherways the correction was unnecessary: That in the intended correction of the Habeas Corpus law, 'Ld Camdell, then Attorney General, in the House of Commons had said, That in contriving laws for the preservation of liberty, he would presume every King to be a tyrant, and every Judge to be a Jeffries, and would fence the laws accordingly: That, in the same manner, in contriving laws, in which the food of the people was concerned, I would presume every Sheriff-substitute to be a rogue; not because I believed it, but much the contrary; but because I would bar even the possibility of his hurting me or my country."

As I live in friendship with several of the Sheriff-substitutes in Scotland, whom I know to be men of great honour and integrity, I have taken this public method of preventing their misapprehension of my sentiments.

JOHN DALRYMPLE, H. M.

On Thursday next, the 15th current, there is to be an ASSEMBLY at Leith. The Ladies are requested to be in the Ball-Room by half past six, as the Tickets for dancing are then to be distributed.

State of the Thermometer since our last:

| THERMOMETER. | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Tuesday, Feb. 6. | 8 o'clock, P. M. 46 |
| Wednesday, 7. | 8 — A. M. 48 |
| | 8 — P. M. 43 |
| Thursday, 8. | 8 — A. M. 39 |

The Cunningham, Paterson, is arrived at Virginia, from Clyde.

George, Hunter, at New York, from ditto.

Spirits, Lusk, at Virginia, from ditto.

Sally, Gilkison, at Virginia, from Bordeaux.

Polly, Buchanan, at New York.

On Monday evening were LOST, on the Musselburgh road, about two miles from Edinburgh,

TWO Livery Great Coats, blue, with red and white lace.—Half a Guinea reward is offered to any person who has found them, and will give information at Smith's Stables, New Town.

COPARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the COPARTNERSHIP between JOHN and JAMES LOW, Tanners in Alloa, is now DISSOLVED; but the business, in future, will be carried on by James Low, one of the Partners of the said Company, as formerly; to whom those who are indebted to the Company will please pay their accounts, as he has powers to receive and discharge the same.

FORTUNE'S CREDITORS

ARE requested to meet in the house, on Wednesday next the 14th current, at one o'clock, to consider the state of his affairs, so far as they can then be made up.—And that betwixt the meeting, such as have not already lodged their claims, will do so with Samuel Watson, solicitor at law, Meal-market stairs. Not to be repeated.

Edinburgh, 8th February 1787.

To be SOLD, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THE Eastmost House in the fourth row of George's Square, entering from the east end of the row.—The house consists of three stories, with Coach House, Stable for four horses, &c. and may be seen from twelve to two o'clock afternoon.

To LET, and enter to at Whitsunday next,

A Genteel Small House in Heriot's Entry, consisting of three rooms and a kitchen, and cellar. Also a Stable if required; and a great many other conveniences which town houses want.

Also, an AREA at the head of same entry, to be leased for building on.

For particulars apply to Mrs Allan.

House in Alifon's Square.

To be SOLD by private bargain,

THAT LODGING in ALISON'S SQUARE, presently possessed by Mrs Montgomery of Newton. In the ground storey there is a kitchen, scullery, and three servants rooms, with three cellars, one of them fitted up with catacombs; and in the flat above seven rooms, with three light closets, and sundry other conveniences; and two garret-rooms.

For particulars apply at the house. To be seen on Monday and Thursday weekly, from twelve to three o'clock. Not to be repeated.

TO BE LET,

THE House of Easter Dalry, with the Garden and Inclosures adjoining, containing in all about four Scots acres.

The House consists of ten rooms and kitchen, with other conveniences; and there are also a stable for four horses, coach-house, &c.

The premises are situated near the toll-bar on the Corporation road, within a few minutes walk of the New Town of Edinburgh.

The Garden and Inclosures may be entered to immediately, and the House at Whitsunday.

David Renton, gardener at Dalry will show the house and grounds; and for further particulars apply to James Thomson writer to the signet, Hanover Street.

TO BE LET for such a number of years as may be agreed on, and to be entered to at Whitsunday next,

THE Farm of BANKHEAD, in the parish of Linton, and Sheriffdom of Roxburgh, lately possessed by the deceased Mr Richard Pringle.

The Lands are of great extent, and of excellent quality. They have been richly improved within these few years; at a very great expence, and are just now in the highest state of cultivation, yielding remarkable crops.

Persons inclining to take a lease, may give in proposals to Thomas Cockburn of Rowcheimer, writer to the signet, or James Potts, writer in Kelso, which will be kept secret, if desired.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK.

Feb. 2. Jenny, Thomson, from North Carolina, to see, &c.

5. Caledonia, Colquhoun, from Maryland, tobacco, &c.

Seventeen vessels from Ireland, with barley, oats, and meal.

British State Lottery

Begins drawing on Monday the 12th February.

Not two Blanks to a Prize—and the prizes to be paid in money, without deduction.

THE Original Tickets and Shares, from a Half to a Sixteenth, in variety of Thousands, stamped and secured pursuant to act of Parliament, are sold and registered by WHITE AND MITCHEL, At the Licensed State Lottery Office opposite to the Town Church, Edinburgh.

(On account of Messrs Richardson and Goodluck, London.) Where all business respecting the Lottery is transacted, by appointment of Government, and no where else in Scotland on their account.

Country Correspondents may have tickets and shares sent, on remitting bills at sight or a short date. Correct numerical and register books are kept. Schemes to be had gratis at the office. Letters post paid daily answered.

Congou and Souchong Teas.

WILLIAM THORBURN begs leave to acquaint the Ladies who have had Teas from his warehouse, that part of the Congou and Souchong of last sale are arrived, which he thinks good and cheap. He can with the more freedom recommend the Teas of this parcel, as they were all examined by himself in London before being purchased, and particular attention paid to their strength, flavour, and colour in the cup. They will be sold from the chests in which they were imported, at the following prices, viz: Ordinary Congou, 3s. Moulding ditto, 3s. 6d. Good ditto, 4s. Superfine, 4s. 6d. Very good Souchong, 5s. Superfine ditto, 5s. 6d. Pekoe Sort, 6s.

W. THORBURN will be answerable for no Teas sold to be from this, unless put up in bags of one or more pounds upon which his name, and the price paid for the teas, is marked. Ladies sending their orders to this warehouse will have their Teas sent, sealed, to their lodgings in Edinburgh, free of expence; but no Teas are booked, as each single pound is sold under the common wholesale price.

Leith, 1st February 1787.

BY ORDER OF THE HONOURABLE Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs,

THERE is to be exposed to public roup and sale, at the Customhouses of the ports, upon the respective days after mentioned, at twelve o'clock noon each day,

Sundry Parcels of Wine, Brandy, Rum, Geneva, and others, lately condemned in his Majesty's Court of Exchequer.

MONTROSE, Saturday, 10th February 1787.—113 gallons geneva; 45 fir-deals; 249 lbs. counterfeit halfpence; a boat and her materials.

ABERDEEN, Monday, 12th.—301½ gallons geneva; 68½ gallons rum; 28½ gallons brandy; 50 gallons spruce beer; 12 gallons red French wine; 2½ gallons white Portugal wine, &c.

TO BE SOLD,

THE HOUSE in Canongate, belonging to and possessed by the Earl of Haddington, with a large area, coach house for two carriages, two stables, and a variety of other conveniences.

The house to be seen Mondays and Fridays, betwixt one and three o'clock afternoon.

For particulars, enquire at John Wauchope, writer to the signet.

Houses in New Edinburgh to be Sold.

A HOUSE in Hanover Street, of seven rooms, closets, kitchen, water-pipe, &c. possessed by Mrs Grant of Knockando.

A HOUSE in Prince's Street, corner of Frederick Street, of five rooms, closets, kitchen, &c. possessed by Mr Talloch.

A HOUSE of five rooms, kitchen, &c. above ditto.

The two last houses can be possessed together or separately. Two capital HOUSES, of nine rooms and kitchen each, with back ground, west of the above.

Likewise to be Let, and entered to immediately.

That LARGE HOUSE in the Castlehill, formerly possessed by the late Rev. Dr Webster, much improved, and in high order, with the offices and back ground.

For particulars apply to Francis Braidwood, Lichenbooths; where may be had a complete assortment of the newest articles in the Upholstery and Cabinet branches, upon the lowest terms.

A good assortment of MAHOGANY in logs or boards, to be sold upon reasonable terms.

By Adjournment—Uplet Price reduced.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 21st day of February current, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

The DWELLING HOUSE which belonged to and was lately possessed by Leonard Urquhart writer to the signet, lying near the head of Forrester's Wynd, and consisting of six fire-rooms; four light closets, kitchen, and two cellars—insured in the Friendly Insurance upon the old plan, and the premium paid up.

If the House is not then sold, the same will be set for one year after Whitsunday next.

The title-deeds and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of Charles Stewart writer to the signet.

Two Stables, &c. to be Sold.

UPON Monday the 12th February current, will be exposed to Sale, in the Exchange Coffeehouse, between the hours of seven and eight afternoon,

TWO STABLES under that tenement in Candlemaker-Row, which belonged to George Callender, with a piece of Back Ground.

The present rent of these subjects is 13 l. and they will be set up at 105 l. Sterling.

N. B. These Stables may, at a very small expence, be converted into houses and shops. Besides, the Back Ground may be fitted for Work Horses.

Persons inclining to purchase may apply to James Small shoemaker, Bristo-Street; William Braidwood merchant, Grass-market; and John Sommervell writer, Edinburgh, who will inform as to particulars.

Ware-Rooms in Bridge-Street for Sale.

THERE is to be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 20th February current, betwixt the hours of five and six o'clock afternoon,

These two WARE ROOMS on the east side of North-Bridge-Street, possessed by Mr Brown and Mr Lowden, being the first flat above the shops of a tenement nearly opposite to the General Post Office. The present yearly rent is 38 l. Sterling.

For further particulars, enquire at the proprietor, or John Syme, at Mr Mitchellson's, Nicolson's Street, either of whom will sell the said Ware-Rooms by private bargain betwixt and the day of sale.

Sale of Oak Wood.

THERE is to be SOLD by public roup, on Friday the 23d of March 1787, at Drummond Castle.

The extensive natural OAK WOODS of Drummond and Balloch, to commence cutting the ensuing season, lying in the parish of Muthil, and within a mile of Cressil. The woods are situated within about eighteen miles of Stirling and Perth, from both which places there are good carriage roads.

The Forresters, who will be heard of at Drummond, will show the woods; and David Robertson at Drummond, or William Lumsdaine, clerk to the signet, will show the articles and conditions of sale, and inform as to other particulars.

The sale to begin at twelve o'clock forenoon.

NOTICE

THAT upon Thursday the 15th February 1787, within the house of Mrs. Bett, vintner in Newburgh, The MANSE, MANSE OFFICES, and GARDEN, which formerly belonged to the minister of Newburgh, are to be exposed to public voluntary roup and sale.

The Manse consists of a dining room, four bed rooms, a kitchen, with closets, and convenient garrets. The Offices are, a barn, byre, stable, brew-house, and coal house. The Garden, including the flance of the houses, contains 2 roods, 28 falls of ground inclosed, and there are several very good fruit trees in a thriving condition in the garden.

The premises lie within the Burgh of Newburgh, from which there is easy access to the shore of Newburgh, and would furnish a commodious situation for a merchant, manufacturer, or innkeeper.

The purchaser may enter to the possession, immediately after the roup. The roup will begin at twelve o'clock mid-day.

N. B. For further particulars, apply to John Brown, writer in Newburgh. Not to be repeated.

NOTICE

ALL Persons having claims against the late CHARLES YOUNG, Drovers in Argyleshire, will lodge them, properly vouched, with Mr. Robert Lindsay, writer in Inveraray, or Charles Campbell, merchant in Glasgow, either of whom are properly authorized to uplift and discharge debts due to that estate, of which all interested will please take notice.

And whereas, sometime ago the Manse of Greenock was Broke into, where part of the Household Furniture, &c. of the said Charles Young, drover in Argyleshire, were deposited, all the Bed and Table Linen, &c. carried off, his bureau broke open, and all papers of value abstracted, this is therefore offering a Reward of TWENTY GUINEAS to any person who will give information of the offender or offenders, to be paid upon conviction, by Mr. Robert Lindsay, writer, Inveraray; Charles Campbell, merchant, Glasgow; or Hugh Campbell, ship-carpenter, Greenock.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOSHUA CAMPBELL, Merchant and Merchant in Glasgow.

As the management of the Trustees upon Mr. Campbell's estate had met with the approbation of the creditors at large, the Trustees were not a little surprised to see an advertisement in the Edinburgh newspapers of the 23d January last, requiring a General Meeting of Creditors to be held in the house of Mrs. Pollock, Glasgow, upon the 16th current at one o'clock afternoon, in order to remove them.

The Trustees would have been at a loss to have discovered from whom this advertisement originated, had not a bill of suspension and interdict been intimated to them a few days before.

Upon the Trustees showing the Prefes of the Meeting, which authorized that advertisement and suspension, a copy of the minute that he had signed in character of Prefes, he declared that it contained matter which was not agreed upon at the Meeting, particularly with regard to the sale of the bankrupt's heritable estate; and therefore, he as well as another creditor who attended said Meeting, have not only disclaimed the suspension, but have approved of the conduct and management of the Trustees, by nullifying subscribed by them, and produced in the foreaid bill of suspension.

The creditors who published the advertisement of the 23d January are not above a fourth of the whole, either in number or value; of course any resolution they could come to would be of no consequence. At same time, the Trustees do not wish to hold the management, unless acceptable to the creditors in general. But, as they are considerable creditors themselves, neither would they wish to see the affairs of the bankrupt put under the management of persons suggested by the bankrupt himself, or his friends, which seems to be the object of the present opposition. It is therefore requested, that the whole creditors will attend the said meeting of the 16th current, and give such directions with regard to the management and disposal of the bankrupt's funds as to them may seem proper.

Notice to Creditors.

THE Trustees for the Creditors of the deceased JAMES MENZIES CLAYHILLS of Invergowrie, and of CAPTAIN JAMES CLAYHILLS now of Invergowrie, do hereby, at the request of one of the said creditors, to the amount of 500 L. Sterling, and upwards of capital, give notice, That there is to be a general meeting of the said creditors, held within Ellet's Coffeehouse in Dundee, on Friday the 23d of February current, at twelve o'clock noon; and as the intention of the meeting is to consider of the propriety of putting an end to the present trust, it is requested, that all persons having interest, will attend the meeting, either personally, or by others properly authorized to act for them.

Second Intimation.

NOTICE is hereby given, That JOHN CAMPBELL, Insurance Broker in Glasgow, a sequestration of whose estate was, in terms of the statute ancient bankrupts, passed in the 14th year of his present Majesty, awarded on the 18th April 1781; and afterwards, in terms of the late statute ancient bankrupts, passed in the 23d year of his present Majesty, renewed on the 17th January 1784, having in terms of the 43d section of the last mentioned statute, with concurrence of four-fifths of his creditors in number and value, applied by petition to the Court of Session, for an order finding him discharged of all the debts contracted by him before the application for the said renewal of his sequestration; the Court, by an interlocutor dated 7th December 1786, ordered the application to be publicly notified by three different advertisements, at the distance of one month from each other, in each of the two Edinburgh newspapers called the Caledonian Mercury and Edinburgh Evening Courant, that all parties having interest, might object thereto if they should think fit; and further declared, that upon such intimations being duly made, the Court would resume the consideration of the said petition, and proceed to determine thereupon, with or without objections.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 21st day of February 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

ALL AND WHOLE

The Lands of Carlin and Todholeburn, consisting of 478 acres 2 roods and 10 falls of arable ground, pleasantly situated upon the river Calder, within two miles of the market town of Hamilton, fourteen miles from Glasgow, and thirty-three from Edinburgh, and having good roads to all these places. There is a commodious dwelling-house and a considerable quantity of planting upon the premises, and the purchaser may enter to the possession of 121 acres out of lease.

As also, the Two Merk Land of OVERMUIR, and the Four Merk and Forty Penny Land of GLENS, consisting of upwards of 700 acres, lying in the parish of Loudoun, and shire of Ayr.

And likewise the SUPERIORITY of the Lands of LADYTOWN and others, lying in Ayrshire, which hold of the Crown, and, being returned a forty-shilling land of old extent, entitles the proprietor to vote for a member of Parliament for the county.

Joseph Canvin, writer to the signet, will show the title-deeds, plans, rentals, and articles of roup. And for further particulars application may be made to him, or to Mr. Hamilton, collector of the land tax, Glasgow.

Salmon-Fishings at Stirling to be let.

THE whole SALMON-FISHINGS upon the rivers of Forth and Teith, from the shore of Stirling to the Kiln-end of Greenock, excepting the Queenshaugh boat, and the boat and cruives of Craigforth, are to be SET by public roup for seven years after Martinmas next, that is, during the legal fishing seasons, upon Saturday the 10th day of February 1787, within the town-house of Stirling, at eleven o'clock forenoon.

The present rent of the premises is 355 L. Sterling yearly. For the encouragement of bidders, the restrictions in former leases will be taken off, and the tackmen left to dispose of the fish at pleasure.

The articles of roup will be seen at the town clerk's office.

Sheep Farms, or Grazings, to Let.

TO LET on Lease, for any number of years that can be agreed upon, from Whitsunday next, Four excellent SHEEP FARMS or GRAZINGS, viz. The Lands of SWANSLATTER, RETLANDS, FERTICORY, and ALMY, lying in the country called Arisaig, along the side of Lochmorar, near the sea-coast, and county of Inverness.

These Farms are remarkably welladapted for Sheep walks, and store possessions of great extent, near the sea side, having abundance of heath and grass, and never subject to deep falls of snow, which seldom in that country remains for any time on the ground; and may be let together, or in separate lots or farms, as offers incline; though, as the lands lie in a stretch along the side of Lochmorar and contiguous, would answer best to be let in one lot.

Any persons wishing for a lease of such grazings, may apply to Hector Macdonald at Mr. Macdonald's, writer to the signet, Prince's street, Edinburgh, who will inform as to the rent and other particulars; and Donald Chisholm in Arisaig, will show the farms.

To be SET for nineteen years, or such other term as can be agreed upon,

THE Farm and Lands of Latter, in the parish of Callander, and shire of Perth, together with the Houses, Garden, and Grass Parks, being that part thereof feued out by the late Commissioners of Annexed Estates.

The grazing is extensive, the soil good, and the lands beautifully situated, facing the south along the side of Loch Catharine. There is also a good slated Dwelling House upon the feu, fit either for the summer residence of a genteel family, or for the proper accommodation of a substantial tenant.

The entry to be at Whitsunday next as to the houses and grass, and at the separation of the ensuing crop from the ground as to the arable lands. And if the tenant inclines to purchase the feu, the proprietor will dispose of it upon reasonable terms.

Proposals may be made to James Stewart, Esq; of Tar, residing at Auchray, or to John Macnab writer to the signet, Edinburgh, who will keep the names of the offerers secret, if desired.

Mr. Macnab will show a plan of the subjects.

Lands in Perthshire to be Sold.

TO be SOLD by private bargain, the Town and Lands of SOLLIARY, comprehending Mains of Solliary, the Lands called Tomphill, the Lands of Craignakill, the Town and Lands of Over Solliary, with dealings, graings, pasturages, and pertinents, lying upon the Blackwater, in the parish of Kirkmichael, and county of Perth. These Lands are situated in a fine sporting country, and contain an old mansion-house, that, with some repair, might make a good shooting residence. The whole are at present out of lease, rented at about 60 l. but a considerable rise has been offered; and, being very improvable, the lands may be set upon a lease to great advantage. The proprietor's only reason for proposing to part with this small estate is, its distance from his other lands. Proposals may be transmitted to George Farquhar writer in Edinburgh, who has power to conclude a bargain, and who will inform as to further particulars.

Sale of Lands in Renfrewshire.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 14th of March 1787, betwixt the hours of 6 and 7 afternoon.

The following LANDS and FARMS, lying in the parish of Kilbarchan and shire of Renfrew, in lots or parcels, all to be holden feu of a subject superior:

The PROPERTY of the Lands of East Torr, of yearly free rent, after deduction of feu-duty, and also of the land-tax, minister's stipend, and every other public burden, which are paid by the tenant, besides the rent of

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| The Property of West Torr; yearly free rent, deducing as above, | 26 18 4 |
| The Property of Torr Hill; yearly free rent, deducing as above, | 29 15 0 |
| The Property of Hall of Craigbait; yearly free rent, deducing as above, | 15 17 0 |
| The Property of Butts; yearly free rent, deducing as above, | 26 7 2 |
| The Property of Threepecks; free rent, deducing as above, | 10 4 0 4-12ths |
| | 31 7 10 |

These lands are all well inclosed and subdivided with stone dykes; they lie near coal and lime, within two miles of Kilbarchan, five of Paisley, and six of Port Glasgow.

The progress of wits, rental, tacks, and conditions of sale, are to be seen in the hands of Thomas Tod, writer to the signet, Edinburgh. For further particulars apply to him, or to Alexander Farquharson, Esq; accountant, Edinburgh, who has power to sell by private bargain.

LANDS, HOUSE, GARDEN, &c. IN STIRLINGSHIRE.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain,

THE Lands of Wester Livlands, Meadowlands, CHAPLECROFT, and BIZETLAND, lying in the parish of St. Ninian's, and shire of Stirling.

The lands consist of about seventy Scots acres, partly carse, and partly dryfield, all inclosed and subdivided, and of very fine soil. Livlands holds of the Crown, and is valued in the cess-books at above 200l. Scots. The other lands, which are of no great extent, hold of subjects superior, for payment of small feu-duties. The lands are at present all out of tack.

There is a very good mansion house on the premises, consisting of nine rooms and a kitchen, in good repair, with good offices and out houses, and a very good kitchen garden and orchard; there are also a considerable number of old trees and young planting on the lands.

The situation of the house is perhaps one of the pleasantest and most beautiful in any country, commanding a view of the windings of the River Forth, from Stirling downwards for many miles, and of the rich and fertile country on both sides of the River. It is within a quarter of a mile of the village of St. Ninian's, and little more than half a mile from the town of Stirling, where there is an excellent market; and the communication with Edinburgh is rendered very commodious, as there are stage coaches six days in the week, which arrive at Stirling and Edinburgh by three o'clock each day.

For further particulars apply to Alexander Abercromby, writer to the signet, or John McGibbon, town clerk of Stirling.

Andrew Downie at Livlands will show the premises.

To be SOLD or LET on lease, for such a number of years as can be agreed upon,

THE Dwelling-house, Park, Garden, and Offices on St. John's Hill, fourth back of the Canon gate, entering by St. John's Street, which belonged to the late Dr. Lothian, presently possessed by David Urquhart, Esq; of Bracklawnwell.

The House is pleasantly situated, and consists of dining-room, drawing-room, seven bed rooms, with garrets, closets, and presses; besides a kitchen and cellars in the two pavilions adjoining to the house, one of which might be easily converted into a coach-house and stables. There is also half an acre of ground laid out in a garden, park, and shrubbery about the house. The feu-duty for the whole premises is two shillings annually.

To be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, from twelve to two o'clock.

For further particulars enquire at Robert Brown, writer to the signet, Wardrobe's Court.

PRICE LOWERED.

TO be SOLD by voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 14th day of February 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six o'clock in the evening.

The Lands of THREEBURNFORD, with the pertinents lying in the parish of Channellirk, and shire of Berwick, which were in the natural possession of Alexander Pirie writer in Edinburgh, now deceased, the proprietor. These lands hold of the Crown, for payment of a small feu-duty, and are valued in the cess-books at 106 l. 5 s. Scots.

The lands afford excellent pasture for sheep, and there is at present a good stock upon the grounds, which will be sold either separately, or along with the lands, if purchasers incline.

There is plenty of game in the neighbourhood, and an excellent house upon the grounds for accommodating a family.

The purchaser is entitled to enter into possession as at Martinmas last.

For further particulars apply to John Elder writer, Mackenzie's Office, Parliament Square, Edinburgh; in whose hands the title-deeds of the lands, and articles of roup will be seen.

(UPSET PRICE REDUCED.)

By Adjournment.

TO be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 7th day of March 1787, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon.

The remaining Estate belonging to Dr. John Campbell of Wellwood.

The Lands of North-hill of Auchmillan, lying in the parish of Sorn, and shire of Ayr, to which Dr. Campbell has right jure mariti.

The proven free rent of these lands is 39 l. 6 s. 3 d. 4-12ths, and Dr. Campbell's jure mariti was formerly valued at six years purchase, or 235 l. 17 s. 8 d.; but the upset price is now reduced to five years purchase, or

L. 196 11 4 1-12th

The articles of sale will be seen at the office of Mr. Alexander Rofs, depute clerk of Session; and further information may be got by applying to James Thomson, writer to the signet, Hanover-street.

UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

By Adjournment.

Lands in Dumfriesshire.

TO be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 7th day of March 1787, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, in one or more lots.

The LANDS and ESTATE of LAIRDHOLME, LINHALL, and RAVENSHILL, with the tenants thereof, which belonged to the deceased William Johnston of Lairdholme, lying in the parish of Tundergarth, and shire of Dumfries.

The proven free rent of the above lands is 118 l. 7 s. 4 d. Sterling, which was formerly valued at 20 years purchase, or 2367 l. 6 s. 8 d. Sterling; but the upset-price is now reduced to 19 years purchase, or 2248 l. 19 s. 4 d.

These lands hold feu of subjects superior; they are agreeably situated upon the water of Milk, within five miles of Lockerby and Ecclefechan, and four from the lime-quarries of Blacketrigg. They are very extensive, consisting of arable, meadow, and pasture ground, in a proper proportion. The first is of a fine sharp soil.—The last fit both for sheep and black cattle. The whole being almost in a state of nature, are capable of great improvement, which may be carried on at a moderate expense. There are large peat mosses in different parts of the estate, which are very valuable, fuel being scarce in that part of the country. A mansion-house, garden, and offices, are also on the premises, with a considerable quantity of young wood, natural and planted.

If more agreeable to offerers, the above lands will be exposed in the two following lots:

LOT I. To consist of the Lands of Lairdholme and Linhall, presently possessed by Mrs. Johnston, the proven free rent of which is 83 l. 12 s. 8 d. Sterling.—Upset-price, at 19 years purchase 1589 l. 8 d.

On this lot is the mansion-house, garden, and offices.

LOT II. To consist of the Farm of Ravenshill, possessed by Thomas Johnston, at 34 l. 14 s. 8 d. of net rent, after all deductions.—Upset-price of this lot at 19 years purchase, is above 659 l. 13 s. 8 d.

The articles of roup and title-deeds will be seen at the office of Mr. Kilpatrick depute-clerk of Session; and further information may be got by applying to James Thomson writer to the signet, Hanover-street, or to Mr. Peter Bell at Carterton, near Moffat, the factor on the estate.

Lands in Calthnells.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, (A. Ramsay's) Edinburgh, upon Friday the 16th March 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

All and Whole the Lands of Thurster, Hestwall and Quoyle, Blenguy, Stirock, Hawsquoy, Graylones and Achairn, Wedderclett, and Upper and Nether Haulters, all lying contiguous, and within the parish of Wick.

The whole of these lands lie from two to three English miles of the royal burgh of Wick; and from the mosses on this estate, which are very extensive, the inhabitants of this burgh are almost totally supplied with peats for firing. The lands are besides, of very considerable extent, and capable of great improvement, and there is the appearance of very good limestone thereon. The rent consists totally of money and victual, the customs and casualties being converted at a very moderate rate, and the services abolished. At the same time, if a purchaser inclined, the tenants would readily agree to pay the customs, &c. in kind. The valued rent of these lands afford within a trifle of two freehold qualifications, for the election of a member of Parliament for said county; but if the purchaser inclines he may have the lands with or without the superiority. There is an old mansion-house upon the estate, which at a trifling expense might be repaired, so as to accommodate a family; and there is a very good store-house for virtual lately repaired.

The purchaser may retain a considerable part of the price in his hands, upon finding good heritable security.

The rental of these lands may be had by applying to the proprietor at Edinburgh; and copies thereof, with the articles of roup, title-deeds, and progress of wits, which are complete, may be seen in the hands of William Sinclair, writer to the signet; to either of whom persons inclining to purchase by private bargain before the day of sale may apply.

ROXBURGH-SHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 13th day of February 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

The Lands of EASTER LANGLEE, in the parish of Melrose, and county of Roxburgh.

This farm consists of above four hundred English acres, all arable and finely watered. It is beautifully situated upon the river Tweed, nearly midway between Melrose and Galaheld, within about a mile and a half of each of these towns, with the turnpike-road running through the lands. The river Tweed bounds the farm upon the south; and on the west, north, and east, it is well sheltered by high grounds; so that it is warm and early land. No improvement hath hitherto been made upon it. The present rent is only 70 l. and the current lease expires at Whitsunday next.

For further particulars, apply to Archibald Gibson writer to the signet, with whom a plan of the lands and the title-deeds are lodged. Proposals for a lease may be also given in as above, which will be kept secret, if desired.

TO be SOLD by auction, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 14th March next, betwixt the hours of twelve and two.

The Lands of Monktonmains, Mid-

ton Mairhouse, and Monktonmill, lying within the parish of Monkton, and shire of Ayr.

On the premises there is a very substantial modern mansion-house, containing fourteen fire rooms, a complete set of offices, and about twenty-five acres of planting.

The situation of the estate is advantageous and beautiful. It lies in a most fertile country, and almost in the center betwixt the thriving towns of Ayr, Irvine, and Kilmarnock, and commands a delightful sea prospect, having the rock of Ailsa in front of the house, and bounded by the island of Arran, Mull of Kintyre, and Ireland.—The country abounds with coal, which is sold at a very moderate rate.

The estate and neighbourhood is well stocked with game, and fish is to be got on very reasonable terms, of excellent quality, and considerable variety.

A good deal of attention has been paid to render the place convenient for the accommodation of a family; every thing is kept in the best order, and the plantations are thriving, properly laid out, and considerably advanced.

The title-deeds and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of Thomas Adair clerk to the signet, to whom application may be made for further particulars.

By Adjournment.

LANDS IN THE SHIRE OF FORFAR.

To be Sold by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 14th day of February 1787, at six o'clock afternoon.

THE Lands of Mains, and Easter KIRKTON of EARLS STRATHDIGHTY, lying within the parish of Mains and shire of Forfar, in whole or in parcels.

This estate is well situated, within less than a mile of the town of Dundee, and is let to substantial tenants. From the nature of the leases, no expense whatever during the currency can be incurred by the proprietor. The tenants are obliged to observe a proper mode of culture, and a certain and very considerable rise will take place when the tacks expire.

The present neat rent of this estate, after deduction of public burdens, is 1110 l. Sterling. The property lands extend to upwards of 1020 Scots acres; there is plenty of free stone upon them; they abound in game, and a trotting water runs thro' the estate, which, besides thriving hedge-rows around most of the inclosures, has old timber growing upon it to a considerable value.

In case the estate is not sold together, it will be exposed in the following lots, viz.

LOT I.—Comprehending the Farm of Westmair, possessed by Thomas and David Hill and Gilbert Alexander, being the whole of the above estate to the westward of the Strathmartine road, containing about 135 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent, after deduction of public burdens, 97 l. 3 s. 9 d. Sterling.

LOT II.—Comprehending the Farm of Wester Balgray, possessed by James Buchan, and certain Pendicles at Fairmuir, possessed by fundries, being the whole of the above estate between the foreaid Strathmartine road and the road to Glamis, containing about 141 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 155 l. 5 s. 4 d. Sterling.

N. B. Seventeen acres of this lot are not rented, as the town of Dundee has the privilege of holding a fair once a year upon them; but even with that servitude they may be let to some advantage.

LOT III.—Comprehending the Farm of Easter Balgray, as possessed by John Ker, being that part of the estate lying between the Glamis and Forfar roads as far as the fourth march of Kirkton, containing about 79 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 102 l. 17 s. 2 d. Sterling.

LOT IV.—Comprehending the Lands of Kirkton, as possessed by David Patullo and James Matthew, containing about 79 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 91 l. 9 s. 9 d. Sterling.

N. B. The timber on this lot is valued at upwards of 150 l. Sterling.

LOT V.—Comprehending the Farms of Mains, Hill of Mains, and Corbiehead, as possessed by James Craik, James Abercromby, David Cobb, Henry Donaldson, Andrew Anderson, Gilbert Young, Robert Brown, and John Matthew.

This lot includes the house and whole parks of Mains, and all that part of the estate to the fourth of the said parks, lying between the Forfar road and the road leading from Dundee to Mains; contains about 171 Scots acres, and yields of neat rent 208 l. 4 s. 6 d. Sterling.

N. B. The mill lead runs through the corner of the Mains farm in this lot; and that servitude is to be referred to the purchaser of lot 8th, with power to caulk and clear the lead.

The timber upon this lot is valued at about 300 l. Ster.

LOT VI.—Comprehending the Farms of Newmains and Fountainbleau, and Bleachfield, as possessed by James Abercromby, William Strachan, David Cobb, and John Moon, and being the remaining part of the estate to the eastward of the road leading from Dundee to Mains, and bounded by Digby Water on the north, containing about 146 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 165 l. 12 s. 2 d. Sterling.

LOT VII.—Comprehending the Farm of Eastmains, as possessed by David Dick, and pendicle called Bridgend, possessed by Patrick Cooper, and being the whole of the estate to the northward of the Water of Digby, except the farm of Mill of Mains, and a small part of James Speid's possession in the next lot, containing about 207 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 147 l. 16 s. 4 d. Sterling.

LOT VIII.—Comprehending the farm of Mill of Mains, the Oil-mill, James Speid's Mill, and lands contiguous thereto, as possessed by Andrew Teinder, John Mathieson's heirs, David Dick, James Speid, and Mr. Gibson, containing about 61 Scots acres, and yielding of neat rent 99 l. 12 s. 10 d. Sterling.

N. B. This lot contains the most eligible situation for a manufacture in all the vicinity of Dundee, and commands a great length of fall on the Water of Digby, which may be applied to great advantage in every manufacture where water engines are of use. There is a quarry in this lot, which is to be reserved, and made common to all the foregoing lots.

LOT IX.—Comprehending the Superiority of the lands of Longhaugh, and of the Mills belonging to the town of Dundee, which yield a feu-duty of 41 l. 13 s. 8 d. Sterling.

Intending purchasers may give in offers for the whole estate, or any of the lots, to Mr. Farquharson, accountant in Edinburgh, or to Mr. Erskine, clerk to the signet, with whom the progress of wits, rentals, and plans of the estate, are lodged, and who have power to sell by private bargain.

David Cobb, tenant at Newmains, will show the grounds.